

100,000+ Students have been Trained SINCE 1997 CYBRON - WEB &
CLOUD SECURITY
PENETRATION TESTER
Training Program

Learning Outcomes

You will be able to learn...

- How to design Security Architecture
- Information Security Base models
- Certification and accreditation process
- Cryptography Components & Algorithms
- Steganography
- PKI Public Key Infrastructure
- And many more thing related to information Security

Invest in
People the
only Asset
that Appreciates

Program is offered by

22 Years of Excellence in Training & Development

⊕ www.3dedudcators.com
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About the Program

The "Web & Cloud Security Penetration Tester" shall be conducted the Senior Information Security Consultants and Managers who has more than 20 years of experience in the field of 25 years of professional experience and field experience.

The Professionals are certified and has been providing his services in industry for last 30 years and conducting so many different session in the same domain and work or develop the real time applications for here and abroad.

At present, faculty is working in the same technology and working as a senior position in the renowned organization, further he is also involved in training and development for last 25 years.

Inauguration

The Training Program will be inaugurated by a senior member of 3DEducators.

Program Structure

No of classes per week

Duration of each

classTotal Months

02 Class

02 – Hour

02- Months

Other Learning Activities

Classroom Assignments **02**Presentations by Trainees **02**



Course Outline:

This course provides practical knowledge (with theoretical lectures) to allow Information Security Mangers to understand the latest algorithms have been used in security world and also understanding about the Web & Cloud vulnerabilities and its issues.

Major Domains:

- Injection
- Broken Authentication
- Sensitive Data Exposure
- XML External Entities (XXE)
- Broken Access Control
- Security Misconfiguration
- Cross-Site Scripting XSS
- Insecure Deserialization
- Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
- Insufficient Logging & Monitoring



A1:2017-Injection: Injection flaws, such as SQL, NoSQL, OS, and LDAP injection, occur when untrusted data is sent to an interpreter as part of a command or query. The attacker's hostile data can trick the interpreter into executing unintended commands or accessing data without proper authorization.

A2:2017-Broken Authentication: Application functions related to authentication and session management are often implemented incorrectly, allowing attackers to compromise passwords, keys, or session tokens, or to exploit other implementation flaws to assume other users' identities temporarily or permanently.

A3:2017-Sensitive Data Exposure: Many web applications and APIs do not properly protect sensitive data, such as financial, healthcare, and PII. Attackers may steal or modify such weakly protected data to conduct credit card fraud, identity theft, or other crimes. Sensitive data may be compromised without extra protection, such as encryption at rest or in transit, and requires special precautions when exchanged with the browser.

A4:2017-XML External Entities (XXE): Many older or poorly configured XML processors evaluate external entity references within XML documents. External entities can be used to disclose internal files using the file URI handler, internal file shares, internal port scanning, remote code execution, and denial of service attacks.

A5:2017-Broken Access Control: Restrictions on what authenticated users are allowed to do are often not properly enforced. Attackers can exploit these flaws to access unauthorized functionality and/or data, such as access other users' accounts, view sensitive files, modify other users' data, change access rights, etc.



A6:2017-Security Misconfiguration: Security misconfiguration is the most commonly seen issue. This is commonly a result of insecure default configurations, incomplete or ad hoc configurations, open cloud storage, misconfigured HTTP headers, and verbose error messages containing sensitive information. Not only must all operating systems, frameworks, libraries, and applications be securely configured, but they must be patched/upgraded in a timely fashion.

A7:2017-Cross-Site Scripting XSS: XSS flaws occur whenever an application includes untrusted data in a new web page without proper validation or escaping, or updates an existing web page with user-supplied data using a browser API that can create HTML or JavaScript. XSS allows attackers to execute scripts in the victim's browser which can hijack user sessions, deface web sites, or redirect the user to malicious sites.

A8:2017-Insecure Deserialization: Insecure deserialization often leads to remote code execution. Even if deserialization flaws do not result in remote code execution, they can be used to perform attacks, including replay attacks, injection attacks, and privilege escalation attacks.

A9:2017-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities: Components, such as libraries, frameworks, and other software modules, run with the same privileges as the application. If a vulnerable component is exploited, such an attack can facilitate serious data loss or server takeover. Applications and APIs using components with known vulnerabilities may undermine application defenses and enable various attacks and impacts.

A10:2017-Insufficient Logging & Monitoring: Insufficient logging and monitoring, coupled with missing or ineffective integration with incident response, allows attackers to further attack systems, maintain persistence, pivot to more systems, and tamper, extract, or destroy data. Most breach studies show time to detect a breach is over 200 days, typically detected by external parties rather than internal processes or monitoring.



ONLINE LIVE CLASSES FACILITY AVAILABLE

- Instructor Led Training
- Real Time Presentations
- Interactive Classes
- Complete Notes and Other Stuff shall be provided through our Secure Student Login Member's Area
- For Online Live Classes, you may please download the Admission Form through our website http://www.3deducators.com. Fill it properly and attached the required document along with Picture and send back to info@3deducators.com with scanned fee submitted youcher in the bank.
- For Pakistan you may submit the fee at any MCB Branch with the title of "3D EDUCATORS-TRAINERS & CONSULTANTS".
- If you are outside Pakistan then you may transfer via Bank to Bank or any western union, Fast Track, Money Gram or else International Transfer Body.
- After Admission, if you don't have GMAIL Account then you are requested to kindly make one GMAIL Account and shared it info@3deducators.com. Then further correspondence shall be made by our institute official.
- Extra Bandwidth Charges shall be incurred.

DISTANCE NOT MATTER

You can join in the live classes Sessions of 3D EDUCATORS – TRAINERS & CONSULTANTS from anywhere of the world.



PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

- During Classes, you are requested to make sure that you are in isolated room, where no noise should be there except your voice.
- Kindly Switch Off your Cell Phone during the class, because it will disturb the quorum of class.
- If you have taken the admission in the course online lonely, then ethically it is recommended and suggested that you alone in the class.
- Recording of Lectures are not allowed at your end.

This world is emerging and growing in the 21st Century very rapidly because of latest and remarkable technologies and its advancement. Due to advancement of technology, we 3D EDUCATORS offer Live Interactive class sessions

3D EDUCATORS believe on Information Technology and its systems. Now you can also avail this facility at your home.

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